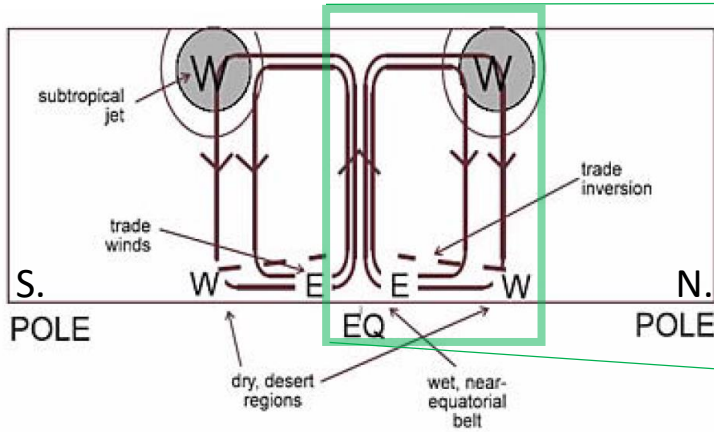
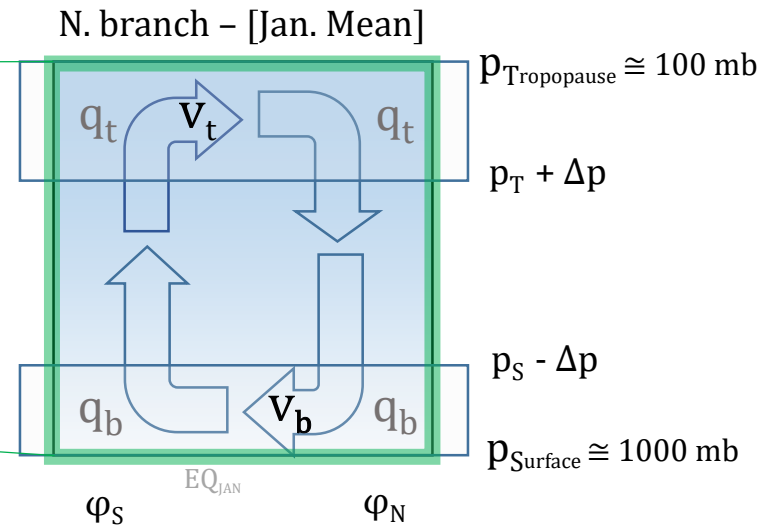


General circulation – Hadley cell



2-LAYER MODEL →



Latent Heat Flux Contribution Eqn. 10 [pg. 9] If $q_t \cong 0$ then...

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{L}{g} \times 2\pi a \cos \varphi \int_0^{p_s} \overline{vq} dp \quad \downarrow \quad \simeq \quad \frac{L}{g} \times 2\pi a \cos \varphi [\overline{v}]_b [\overline{q}]_b \Delta p.$$

Constants (for atmospheric air)

Latent heat of fusion

$$L = 2.25 \times 10^6 \text{ J/kg}$$

$$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a \cong 6.4 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$$

(^ Earth's radius)

Estimate values for:

[\overline{v} : velocities]

$$\overline{v}_t =$$

$$\overline{v}_b =$$

Spec. humidity q is units of **g/kg**
Use MKS system for calculations.

[\overline{q} : specific humidity]

$$\overline{q}_t =$$

$$\overline{q}_b =$$

φ : latitude

$$\varphi_{\text{avg}} =$$

1 millibar = 10^2 Pascals

p : pressure

$$\Delta p =$$

→ Express \mathcal{L} in Petawatts, $\text{PW} = 10^{15} \text{ W}$.

$$\text{Total Heat Flux} = \mathcal{H} + \mathcal{L}$$